DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

U. S. COAST GUARD

STATEMENT OF REAR ADMIRAL WILLIAM P. LEAHY, JR

CHIEF, OFFICE OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AND DEFENSE OPERATIONS

ON CUBAN AND HAITIAN MIGRATION

BEFORE THE

SUBCOMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL LAW, IMMIGRATION, AND REFUGEES

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WASHINGTON, DC

NOVEMBER 20, 1991
Rear Admiral William P. Leahy, Jr.
Chief, Office of Law Enforcement
and Defense Operations
United States Coast Guard

Rear Admiral William P. Leahy, Jr. became Chief, Office of Law Enforcement and Defense Operations, United States Coast Guard Headquarters, Washington, DC in June 1991. As such, Admiral Leahy is responsible to the Commandant for establishing the program requirements for surface and aviation operations.

Prior to this assignment, Admiral Leahy was Commander, Joint Task Force Five, located in Alameda, California. This command's mission is to conduct operations to detect and monitor aircraft and surface vessels suspected of smuggling illegal drugs within the U.S. Pacific Command area of responsibility.

Rear Admiral Leahy has served aboard many vessels during his career including Coast Guard cutters MCCULLOCH, DUANE, CASTLE ROCK, RESOLUTE, SHERMAN, DALLAS, and COMANCHE. He served as Commanding Officer of cutters DECISIVE and GALLATIN.

His shore assignments include: Commanding Officer of the Long Range Aids to Navigation (LORAN) Station on Marcus Island; Commander, Coast Guard Group Buffalo, New York; Office of Search and Rescue, Washington, DC; Readiness Branch, Coast Guard Atlantic Area; and Commanding Officer of Vessel Traffic Service New York. Rear Admiral Leahy served two tours in Vietnam - first as Division Commander Division 13 in 1970, and later as Senior Coast Guard Officer in 1972. He also served as Chief, Operations Division, and Chief of Staff, Twelfth Coast Guard District in Alameda, California, and as Chief of Staff, Coast Guard Pacific Area Command located at Coast Guard Island.

Rear Admiral Leahy's awards include: Defense Superior Service Medal, the Legion of Merit with Gold Star, Bronze Star medal with combat "V" device, the Meritorious Service Medal with "O" device and Gold Star, the Coast Guard Commendation Medal, the U.S. Navy Commendation Medal with combat "V" device, the Combat Action Ribbon, and the Vietnam Service medal with four Bronze Stars. Rear Admiral Leahy is also authorized to wear the Cutterman Insignia.

Rear Admiral Leahy was born and raised in Worcester, Massachusetts. Upon graduation from Classical High School, he entered the U.S. Coast Guard Academy in New London, Connecticut and graduated in 1959.

Rear Admiral Leahy is married to the former Margaret P. Peirce of Stratham, New Hampshire. They have three children: Sarah, Mark and Matthew.
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MR. CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE. IT IS A PLEASURE TO APPEAR BEFORE YOU TODAY TO REPRESENT THE COMMANDANT, ADMIRAL J. WILLIAM KIME, AND DISCUSS THE COAST GUARD'S MIGRANT INTERDICTION PROGRAM. AT THE CONCLUSION OF MY PREPARED STATEMENT I WILL BE HAPPY TO ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS YOU MAY HAVE REGARDING COAST GUARD ACTIVITIES IN THE AREA OF ILLEGAL MIGRANT INTERDICTION.

INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS CONCERNING THOSE WHO FLEE TO AVOID PERSECUTION FOR POLITICAL REASONS IN THEIR HOMELAND.

IN IMPLEMENTING THE EXECUTIVE ORDER, THE COAST GUARD, ASSISTED BY IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE (I.N.S.) AGENTS AND INTERPRETERS, STOPS AND BOARDS "DEFINED VESSELS" WHEN THERE IS REASON TO BELIEVE SUCH VESSELS ARE ENGAGED IN THE IRREGULAR TRANSPORTATION OF PERSONS. THE VESSEL AND ITS PASSENGERS ARE RETURNED TO THEIR POINT OF ORIGIN WHEN THERE IS REASON TO BELIEVE AN OFFENSE HAS BEEN COMMITTED AGAINST EITHER U.S. OR FOREIGN IMMIGRATION LAWS.

SINCE 1981 THE COAST GUARD HAS INTERDICTED OVER 32,500 ILLEGAL ALIENS; WHILE THE VAST MAJORITY, OVER 25,000, HAVE BEEN HAITIAN, RECENT TRENDS HAVE SHOWN A DRAMATIC INCREASE IN BOTH DOMINICAN REPUBLIC AND CUBAN INTERDICTIONS.

THE DELIVERY TO THE U.S. OF PERSONS REQUIRING FURTHER SCREENING, HAS OCCURRED AS ROUTINE PROCEDURE UNDER THE BILATERAL AGREEMENT.

THE COAST GUARD MIGRANT INTERDICTIO N OPERATION IS VERY MUCH A HUMANITARIAN AS WELL AS A LAW ENFORCEMENT MISSION. MIGRANTS TAKE GREAT RISKS AND ENDURE SIGNIFICANT HARDSHIPS IN THEIR ATTEMPTS TO FLEE THEIR NATION OF ORIGIN AND TO ENTER THE U.S. IN MOST CASES, MIGRANT VESSELS INTERDICTED AT SEA ARE OVERLOADED, UNSEAWORTHY, LACKING BASIC SAFETY EQUIPMENT, AND OPERATED BY INEXPERIENCED SAILORS. A GREAT NUMBER OF MIGRANTS THAT HAVE BEEN RETURNED TO HAITI BY THE COAST GUARD WOULD MOST LIKELY HAVE PERISHED AT SEA HAD THEY NOT BEEN INTERDICTED.

MIGRANT INTERDICTIO N OPERATIONS CONSIST OF ONE MEDIUM ENDURANCE CUTTER, TYPICALLY EQUIPPED WITH A HELICOPTER, PATROLLING IN THE VICINITY OF THE WINDWARD PASSAGE OFF THE COAST OF HAITI WITH AN INS INTERVIEW TEAM ABOARD. THE CUTTER RECEIVES SURVEILLANCE SUPPORT FROM A COAST GUARD AVIATION DETACHMENT STAGED AT GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA. OUR PRESENCE IN THE WINDWARD PASS DEPARTURE ZONE PROVIDES BOTH A CRITICAL INTERDICTIO N PRESENCE AND AN IMPORTANT SEARCH AND RESCUE RESPONSE CAPABILITY. ALMOST WITHOUT EXCEPTION, THE HAITIAN VESSELS INTERDICTED ARE IN AN UNSEAWORTHY CONDITION, USUALLY OVERLOADED AND VERY SUSCEPTIBLE TO CAPSIZING. MOREOVER, THE VESSELS INVARIABLY LACK SUFFICIENT FOOD AND WATER. THESE REALITIES UNDERSCORE THE NECESSITY OF APPROACHING MIGRANT INTERDICTIO N AS A POTENTIAL SEARCH AND RESCUE CASE FIRST, LEAVING THE ISSUE OF STATUS AND DISPOSITION OF PASSENGERS TO BE RESOLVED LATER. THE COAST GUARD MAINTAINS A LIAISON OFFICER IN PORT AU PRINCE, HAITI TO COORDINATE THE
REPATRIATION OF INTERDICTED HAITIAN MIGRANTS WITH THE HAITIAN GOVERNMENT AND ENSURE THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE RED CROSS IS NOTIFIED TO MEET THE RETURNING MIGRANTS UPON ARRIVAL.

THE COAST GUARD DOES NOT MAKE DETERMINATIONS AS TO THE STATUS OF MIGRANTS ENCLOSED ON THE HIGH SEAS. I.N.S. AGENTS INTERVIEW ALL PERSONS INTERCEPTED BY THE COAST GUARD AND DETERMINE WHETHER MIGRANTS QUALIFY FOR REFUGEE STATUS OR ARE ECONOMIC MIGRANTS IN VIOLATION OF IMMIGRATION LAWS. ALL COAST GUARD CUTTERS ON DEDICATED MIGRANT INTERDICATION PATROLS CARRY AN I.N.S. AGENT AND AN INTERPRETER. I.N.S. AND COAST GUARD PERSONNEL ARE ALSO CO-LOCATED IN AN OFFICE IN MIAMI, FLORIDA, FOR EFFICIENT COORDINATION BETWEEN THE AGENCIES. ALL INCIDENTS INVOLVING ENCOUNTERS WITH MIGRANTS AT SEA BY CUTTERS NOT CARRYING INS AGENTS ARE COORDINATED THROUGH THIS OFFICE. WHERE POSSIBLE, I.N.S. AGENTS ARE TRANSPORTED TO THE CUTTER TO DETERMINE THE STATUS OF THOSE INTERDICTED. IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO DELIVER AN I.N.S. AGENT TO THE SCENE, THE MIGRANTS ARE TURNED OVER TO AGENTS UPON ARRIVAL IN A U.S. PORT. IN ADDITION, THE COAST GUARD DOES NOT REPATRIATE HAITIAN MIGRANTS WHO HAVE NOT BEEN INTERVIEWED BY AN I.N.S. AGENT, OR ARE WITHIN THE U.S. TERRITORIAL SEAS. ADDITIONALLY THOSE HAVING EMERGENCY MEDICAL CONDITIONS THAT CANNOT BE ADEQUATELY TREATED ON SCENE BY COAST GUARD MEDICAL PERSONNEL ARE EVACUATED ASHORE FOR FURTHER CARE.

THERE IS NO MIGRANT INTERDICATION AGREEMENT WITH THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC. IN THE PAST TWO YEARS, HOWEVER, THERE HAVE BEEN INCREASING NUMBERS OF DOMINICAN REPUBLIC NATIONALS
ATTEMPTING TO MAKE THE CROSSING OF THE MONA PASSAGE TO REACH PUERTO RICO. THIS CALENDAR YEAR, AS OF THE TENTH OF NOVEMBER, COAST GUARD VESSELS HAVE INTERCEPTED 1,034 DOMINICAN MIGRANTS. OUR UNITS OPERATING IN THIS AREA ROUTINELY ENCOUNTER SMALL DOMINICAN REPUBLIC VESSELS WHICH ARE OFTEN UNSEA WORTHY AND OVERLOADED. IN ALL CASES TO DATE, PASSENGERS HAVE ACCEPTED REMOVAL TO THE SAFETY OF THE COAST GUARD CUTTER. I.N.S. TEAMS HAVE BEEN FLOWN TO THE SCENE TO CONDUCT ASYLUM SCREENING INTERVIEWS. A CASE BY CASE SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT IS THEN MADE WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC FOR THOSE QUALIFYING FOR REPATRIATION; TO DATE, THAT GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN RESPONSIVE IN ARRANGING FOR PROMPT RETURN.

IN VIEW OF THE INCREASE IN CASES INVOLVING DOMINICANS, THE COAST GUARD AND I.N.S. JOINTLY REQUESTED THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE EXECUTIVE ORDER ON MIGRANT INTERDICTI ON, TO PURSUE AN AGREE ME NT WITH THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC SIMILAR TO THE ONE WE HAVE WITH HAITI.

THE NUMBER OF CUBANS ARRIVING IN FLORIDA OR ASSISTED BY THE COAST GUARD HAS ALSO INCREASED DRAMATICALLY. THIS CALENDAR YEAR WE HAVE INTERCEPTED 1,796 PERSONS. THIS NUMBER IS GREATER THAN THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CUBANS INTERCEPTED IN THE PREVIOUS EIGHT YEARS. THE REASONS FOR THIS INCREASE IS GENERALLY ATTRIBUTED TO THE DETERIORATING ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN CUBA COUPLED, AT TIMES, WITH LAX CUBAN ENFORCEMENT PATROLS. WE INTERCEPT A LARGE NUMBER OF THESE PEOPLE BECAUSE OF THE CLOSE PROXIMITY OF CUBA TO FLORIDA. WHILE SOME OF THOSE MAKING THE TRANSIT FROM CUBA DO SO IN VARIOUS SMALL FISHING VESSELS AND PLEASURE CRAFT, MANY OTHERS
CONTINUE TO ATTEMPT THIS PERILOUS TRANSIT ON RAFTS, INNER TUBES, AND OTHER MAKE SHIFT CONVEYANCES. THE INDIVIDUALS MAKING SUCH TRANSITS ARE AT THE MERCY OF THE WINDS AND SEA CURRENTS. BASED ON THE STATE OF DEHYDRATION AND INCIDENCE OF SHARK BITES OF THOSE WE HAVE INTERCEPTED, IT IS LIKELY THAT THERE ARE MANY RAFTERS WHO PERISH IN THEIR ATTEMPT TO REACH THE U.S. OUR UNITS ENCOUNTER THESE CASES WHILE CONDUCTING ROUTINE OPERATIONS IN THE FLORIDA STRAITS. IN THE PAST YEAR, DUE TO THE INCREASED POTENTIAL FOR LOSS OF LIFE IN THIS AREA, WE HAVE INCREASED OUR PATROL PRESENCE (BOTH AIRCRAFT AND PATROL BOATS).

IT IS PRESENT U.S. POLICY TO GRANT ASYLUM TO NEARLY ALL THOSE WHO HAVE FLED CUBA AND REQUESTED ADMITTANCE. WHEN WE INTERDICT CUBANS ENROUTE TO THE U.S., OUR PROCEDURE IS TO DELIVER THEM TO AN APPROPRIATE U.S. PORT AND TURN THEM OVER TO THE I.N.S. FOR FURTHER PROCESSING.

THE COAST GUARD WILL CONTINUE TO INTERDICT MIGRANTS OF ALL NATIONALITIES WHO ATTEMPT TO ILLEGALLY ENTER THE UNITED STATES BY SEA. EACH PERSON WILL BE TREATED WITH PROPER RESPECT AND CARE. THE SAFETY OF EVERYONE INVOLVED IN THIS HIGH SEAS OPERATION WILL ALWAYS BE OF GREAT CONCERN TO THE COAST GUARD. IT IS OUR POLICY AND INTENT TO ENSURE THAT THIS OPERATION CONTINUES IN A SAFE AND EFFECTIVE MANNER.

THANK YOU MR. CHAIRMAN. I WOULD BE HAPPY TO ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS.